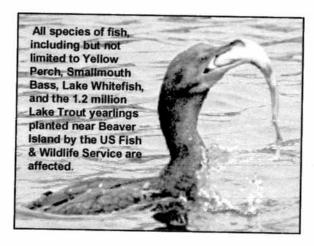
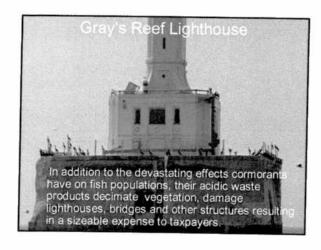
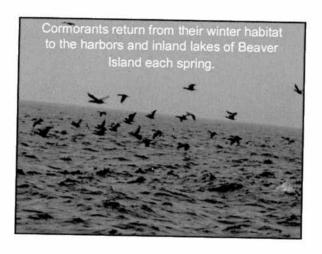


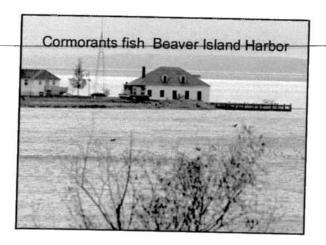


After nesting, cormorant populations climb to 50,000 in the Beaver Island archipelago by mid summer. With each cormorant consuming 1 to 1.5 pounds of fish per day, close to 30 tons of fish are removed daily from these waters.

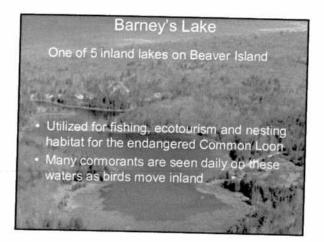


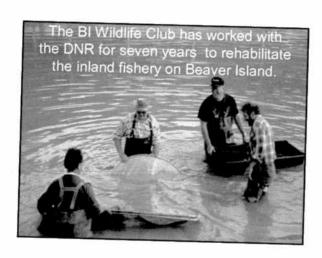


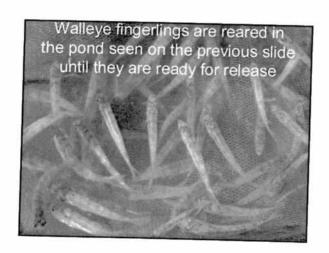


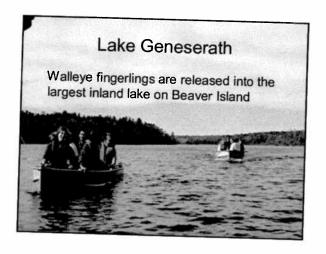


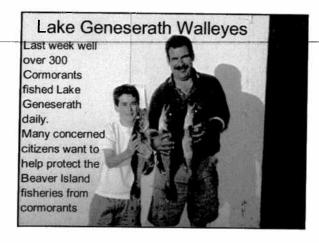












## Unanimous Declaration of the Beaver Island Chamber of Commerce

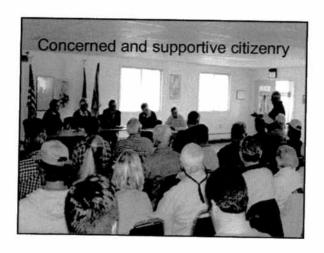
- The Board of Directors of the Beaver Island Chamber of Commerce requests your funding and support for the efforts to control and reduce the population of Double Crested Cormorants in the Beaver Island archipelago.
- At one time the cormorant population in northern Lake Michigan numbered a few thousand and the area around Beaver Island was one of the finest small mouth bass sports fisheries in the world. The yellow perch was also abundant and easily accessible by family fishing groups in the Beaver Island harbor, often called Paradise Bay. Not any more! Fishing is no longer a reason to visit our island.

## Chamber Declaration (continued)

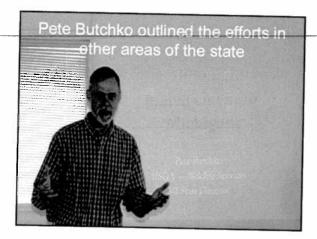
- Fishing for perch and bass once brought many additional visitors to Beaver Island, particularly in the spring and fall outside the traditional short summer fourist season. The comorant caused devestation of the population of these fish has had a significant economic impact on the highly tourism dependent Beaver Island economic.
- After many years and numerous scientific studies there is no longer any doubt that the huge increase in comorant numbers (an estimated 50,000 in the archipelago) has had a terrible impact on sport fishing and the related Beaver Island economy. Comorant numbers must be reduced and controlled so that the fish populations will have a chance to recover. We ask that you support the necessary funding and call to action the appropriate state agencies.
- Best wishes from America's Emerald isle, Steve West, Executive Director











## What is being done now

- USDA Wildlife Services has received permission to begin cormorant control on Pismire and Gull Island.
- Under the leadership of USDA-Wildlife Services personnel, a team of local volunteers and biologists from the Grand Traverse Bay Band of Chippewa and Ottawa Indians are conducting control measures on Pismire Island while we meet.
- Tomorrow we will conduct cormorant control on Gull Island
- This will be a long and difficult campaign to reduce the comorant population in the archipelago to allow fish species rebuild their populations and return the fishery to the Beaver Islands.

## **Future Efforts**

- We have a committed core of local volunteers ready to assist all organizations in dealing with the comorant problem.
- financial resources to assist in this effort.
- USDA Wildlife Services and Tribal organizations are working with us to address the cormorant issue.

